SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

MOTO DEGREASER+

SDS no. : 082650

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : MOTO DEGREASER+

Product code : 082650

Product description : Not available.

Product type : Aerosol.

Other means of identification : Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Not applicable.

Uses advised against

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

TotalEnergies Lubrifiants
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92029 Nanterre Cedex FRANCE
Tél: +33 (0)1 41 35 40 00
Fax: +33 (0)1 41 35 84 71
rm.msds-lubs@totalenergies.com

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10 Upper Bank Street (19th floor)
Canary Wharf,
London E14 5BF
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Tel: +44 (0)20 7339 8000
Fax: +44 (0)20 7339 8033
rm.gb-msds@totalenergies.com

H.S.E

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : National Poisons Information Service (NPIS): 111

Supplier

Telephone number : Emergency telephone: +44 1235 239670

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229
STOT SE 3, H336
Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity : Contains 5% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.

Prevention : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P261 - Avoid breathing gas, vapour or spray.
P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage : P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Contains : Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes,isoalkanes, cyclics,< 2% aromatics
1-methoxy-2-propanol

Supplemental label elements : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB in a concentration >= 0,1 %.
This product does not contain any substance present at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass, included in the list drawn up in accordance with article 59, paragraph 1 of the REACh Regulation, due to its endocrine disrupting properties, or a substance known to have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation 2018/605.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Hazard of slipping on spilt product.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,< 2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119471843-32 EC: 927-241-2 CAS: 64742--48-9*	≥75 - ≤90	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 EUH066	[1]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
Carbon dioxide, gas	UK (GB) REACH #: Annex IV REACH #: Annex IV EC: 204-696-9 CAS: 124-38-9	≤10	Press. Gas (Comp.), H280 **See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.**	[2]

Additional information : Mineral oil of petroleum origin Product containing mineral oil with less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

The EC substance definition and related classification & labelling have been developed in the framework of the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACh). The related CAS number* is used for the purpose of the international inventories present in section 15 of the SDS.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that vapors are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
breathing difficulty or shortness of breath
chemical pneumonitis

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO_2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products : carbon monoxide
carbon dioxide
Hydrocarbon.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P3b	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/substance	Exposure limit values
1-methoxy-2-propanol	**EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)** Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 560 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 375 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
Carbon dioxide, gas	**EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)** STEL 15 minutes: 27400 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 15000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 5000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 9150 mg/m³.

Biological Limit Values (BLV)

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Advisory OEL : Mineral oil mist: USA: OSHA (PEL) TWA 5 mg/m3, NIOSH (REL) TWA 5 mg/m3, STEL 10 mg/m3, ACGIH (TLV) TWA 5 mg/m3 (highly refined)

DNELs/DMELs

Product/substance	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,< 2% aromatics	**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 300 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 1500 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal** 300 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation** 900 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral** 300 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic
1-methoxy-2-propanol	**DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral** 33 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation** 43.9 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal** 78 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 183 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 369 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic **DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 553.5 mg/m³ Effects: Local **DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation** 553.5 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

PNECs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/substance	Result
1-methoxy-2-propanol	**Fresh water** 10 mg/l **Marine water** 1 mg/l **Fresh water sediment** 52.3 mg/kg dwt **Marine water sediment** 5.2 mg/kg dwt **Soil** 4.59 mg/kg dwt **Sewage Treatment Plant** 100 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : safety glasses with side-shields, EN 166.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Hydrocarbon-proof gloves
nitrile rubber
Fluorinated rubber
Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.
In case of prolonged contact with the product, it is recommended to wear gloves complying with ISO 21420 and EN 374 standards, protecting at least for 480 minutes and having a thickness of 0,38 mm at least. These values are indicative only. The level of protection is provided by the material of the glove, its technical characteristics, its resistance to the chemicals to be handled, the appropriateness

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

of its use and its replacement frequency

Body protection : Wear work clothing with long sleeves.
Protective shoes or boots.

Respiratory protection : Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before entry into confined spaces. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection: Type A/P2. Warning ! filters have a limited use duration. The use of breathing apparatus must comply strictly with the manufacturer's instructions and the regulations governing their choices and uses.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature (20°C / 68°F) and pressure (1013 hPa) unless otherwise indicated

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Colourless.

Odour : Characteristic.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range : Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Non-flammable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : Lower: 0.8%
Upper: 6%

Flash point : Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : >230°C (>446°F)

Decomposition temperature : 200°C

pH : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not applicable.
Kinematic (room temperature): Not applicable.
Kinematic (40°C): Not applicable.

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
water	Not soluble

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure : 0.42 kPa (3.1503 mm Hg)

Relative density : 0.75 to 0.79 [EN ISO 12185]

Density : 0.75 to 0.79 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] [EN ISO 12185]

Vapour density : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.2 Other information

Heat of combustion : ≥30 kJ/g

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

10.5 Incompatible materials : Strong oxidising agents
Oxidising agent
strong acids

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/substance	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	**Rat - Oral - LD50** >5000 mg/kg OECD [401] **Rabbit - Dermal - LD50** >5000 mg/kg OECD [402] **Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour** 80.4 mg/l [1 hours] **Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour** 20.1 mg/l [4 hours] **Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour** >4591 mg/m³ [4 hours] OECD [403]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	**Rabbit - Dermal - LD50** 13 g/kg **Rat - Oral - LD50** 3739 mg/kg

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Rat - Dermal - LD50
>2000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/substance	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes,isoalkanes, cyclics,< 2% aromatics	N/A	N/A	N/A	20.1	N/A
1-methoxy-2-propanol	3739	13000	N/A	N/A	N/A

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/substance	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,< 2% aromatics	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
1-methoxy-2-propanol	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are met.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Chemical pneumonitis.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
breathing difficulty or shortness of breath

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.1 Toxicity

Product/substance	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes,isoalkanes, cyclics,< 2% aromatics	**Acute - EC50** Algae 1000 mg/l [72 hours] **Acute - EC50** Daphnia - *Daphnia magna* 23 mg/l [48 hours]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	**Acute - LC50** Fish 1000 mg/l [96 hours] **Acute - LC50** Crustaceans - *Daphnia Magna* 21100 mg/l [48 hours] **Acute - EC50** Algae - *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* >1000 mg/l [7 days] Effect: (growth rate) **Acute - EC50** Micro-organism - Activated sludge 1000 mg/l [3 hours]

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/substance	Result
1-methoxy-2-propanol	OECD 301E 96% [28 days] - Readily

Product/substance	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes,isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	-	-	Readily
1-methoxy-2-propanol	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/substance	$LogK_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1	-	Low
Carbon dioxide, gas	0.83	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/substance	logKoc	Koc
1-methoxy-2-propanol	1.02	10.447

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/substance	PMT	P	M	T	vPvM	vP	vM
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes,isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
1-methoxy-2-propanol	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Carbon dioxide, gas	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility : Not available.

Mobility in soil : The product is insoluble and floats on water.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/substance	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes,isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
1-methoxy-2-propanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
carbon dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes.

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. The following Waste Codes are only suggestions: 16 05 04*

Packaging

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ICAO/IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2 	2 	2.1 	2.1 
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID : **Limited quantity** 1 L
Special provisions 190, 327, 625, 344
Tunnel code (D)

ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.
Special provisions 190, 327, 625, 344

IMDG : **Emergency schedules** F-D, S-U
Special provisions 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959

IATA : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203.
Special provisions A145, A167, A802

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Aerosol dispensers :



Extremely flammable

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category
P3b

EU regulations

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.
Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.
DIRECTIVE 2008/68/EC related on the inland transport of dangerous goods

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia inventory (AIIC)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Europe inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory	:	**Japan inventory (CSCL)**: All components are listed or exempted. **Japan inventory (ISHL)**: All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory (KECI)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand inventory	:	Not determined.
Turkey inventory	:	Not determined.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Vietnam inventory	:	Not determined.

The information stated in this section relates solely to the conformity of the chemical product with the countries Inventories. The information used to confirm the inventory status of this product may be based on additional data to the chemical composition shown in Section 3. Other regulations may apply for importation or marketing authorizations.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : Risk management measures and safety conditions of use are included in the relevant sections of the SDS

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms : ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DMSO = Dimethyl Sulfoxide
EC50 = Half maximal effective concentration
EL50 = median Effective Loading
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
HSE = Health, Safety and Environment
IC50 = Half maximal inhibitory concentration
IDHL = Immediately dangerous to life or health
LC50 = Median lethal concentration
LD50 = Median lethal dose
LL50 = median Lethal Loading
LogKow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
N/A = Not available
NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL = No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL = No Observed Effect Level
NOELR = No observed Effect Loading Rate
OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
QSAR = Quantitative Structure–Activity Relationship
REL = Recommanded Exposure Limit
STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit
TLV = Threshold Limit Value
TWA = Time Weight Average
VOC = Volatile Organic Compound
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Unique Formula Identifier (UFI)
UVCB Substance of unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological material

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	On basis of test data
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Expert judgment
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H222, H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications

SECTION 16: Other information

Aerosol 1	AEROSOLS - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Press. Gas (Comp.)	GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Date of printing : 2025/03/17

Date of issue/ Date of revision : 2025/03/17

Date of previous issue : 2024/09/04

Version : 5

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.