Safety data sheet
according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

ECORA Tyre mounting paste Fluid 5 ltr

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:
Assembly material
Uses advised against:
No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Epp & Co
Bruck 12
78355 Hohenfels
Tel.: +49 (0) 7557 -517
Fax: +49 (0) 7557 - 8994
E-Mail: mail@eppco.de

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number
Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:
+49 (0) 7557 - 517

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Eye Dam.	1	H318-Causes serious eye damage.

2.2 Label elements
Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)



Danger

H318-Causes serious eye damage.

P280-Wear eye protection.
P305+P351+P338-IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310-Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor.

Docusate sodium
Alcohols, C12-16, ethoxylated

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

n.a.

3.2 Mixtures

Diethylene glycol	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119457857-21-XXXX
Index	603-140-00-6
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	203-872-2
CAS	111-46-6
content %	1-<10
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H302

Alcohols, C12-16, ethoxylated	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	500-221-7
CAS	68551-12-2
content %	1-<5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Docusate sodium	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119491296-29-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	209-406-4
CAS	577-11-7
content %	1-<5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.
The addition of the highest concentrations listed here can result in a classification. Only when this classification is listed in Section 2 does it apply. In all other cases the total concentration is below the classification.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

Skin contact

Wash thoroughly using copious water - remove contaminated clothing immediately. If skin irritation occurs (redness etc.), consult doctor.
Unsuitable cleaning product:
Solvent
Thinners

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Give copious water to drink - consult doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.
The following may occur:
Irritation of the eyes
With long-term contact:
Drying of the skin.
Dermatitis (skin inflammation)
Ingestion of large quantities:
Gastrointestinal disturbances

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Adapt to the nature and extent of fire.
Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher

Unsuitable extinguishing media

None known

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:
Oxides of carbon
Oxides of sulphur
Toxic gases

5.3 Advice for firefighters

For personal protective equipment see Section 8.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
According to size of fire
Full protection, if necessary.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.
Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.
Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.
Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

6.1.2 For emergency responders

See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.

6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.
Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
Prevent from entering drainage system.
If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.
Flush residue using copious water.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Avoid long lasting or intensive contact with skin.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Store product closed and only in original packing.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Store at room temperature.
Protect from frost.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.
Observe the instructions for good working practice and the recommendations for risk assessment.
Consult hazardous substance information systems, e.g. from the professional associations, the chemical industry or different industries,
depending on the application (building materials, wood, chemistry, laboratory, leather, metal).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

GB	Chemical Name	Diethylene glycol

WEL-TWA: 23 ppm (101 mg/m3)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures: - Draeger - Alcohol 100/a (CH 29 701)		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Diethylene glycol

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	10	mg/m3	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	10	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	20,9	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	1,53	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	2,09	mg/kg	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	199,5	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	21	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	12	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	12	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	43	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	44	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	60	mg/m3	

Docusate sodium

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,18	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,018	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,066	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	12,2	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	17789	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	1,7789	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	1,04	mg/kg dw	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	18,8	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	13	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	18,8	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	31,3	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	44,1	mg/m3	

GB WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

8.2 Exposure controls
8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.
Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.
These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.
EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
Tight fitting protective goggles (EN 166) with side protection, with danger of splashes.

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Normally not necessary.
Protective hand cream recommended.
With long-term contact:
If applicable
Rubber gloves (EN ISO 374).
Protective Neoprene® / polychloroprene gloves (EN ISO 374).
Protective nitrile gloves (EN ISO 374).
Minimum layer thickness in mm:
>= 0,4
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
>= 480
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Skin protection - Other:
Usual protective working garments

Respiratory protection:
Normally not necessary.
If OES or MEL is exceeded.
Gas mask filter A (EN 14387), code colour brown
Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls
No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	Clear
Odour:	Neutral
Melting point/freezing point:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flammability:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Lower explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Upper explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flash point:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Auto-ignition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Decomposition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
pH:	7
Kinematic viscosity:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Solubility:	Mixable
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	Does not apply to mixtures.
Vapour pressure:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Density and/or relative density:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Relative vapour density:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Particle characteristics:	Does not apply to liquids.

9.2 Other information

Explosives:	Product is not explosive.
Oxidising liquids:	No
Bulk density:	n.a.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not to be expected

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reactions are known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
None known

10.5 Incompatible materials
None known

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

ECORA Tyre mounting paste Fluid 5 ltr						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Diethylene glycol						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	12565	mg/kg	Rat		Does not conform with EU classification.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	11890	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC0	4,4-4,6	mg/l/4h	Rat		Does not conform with EU classification.
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Mild irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.6 (SKIN SENSITISATION)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):	NOAEL	1000	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	
Reproductive toxicity (Effects on fertility):	NOAEL	3060	mg/kg bw/d	Mouse	OECD 416 (Two-generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)	

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEL	936	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEL	2200	mg/kg bw/d	Dog	OECD 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity - 90-Day)	Analogous conclusion
Symptoms:						acidosis, breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, diarrhoea, coughing, cramps, fatigue, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting., trembling

Alcohols, C12-16, ethoxylated

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>300 - 2000	mg/kg	Rat		Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Aspiration hazard:						No

Docusate sodium

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>3000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>10000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	20	mg/l	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Human being	(Patch-Test)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:				Rat		Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEL	750	mg/kg	Rat		Negative
Symptoms:						mucous membrane irritation

11.2. Information on other hazards

ECORA Tyre mounting paste Fluid 5 ltr						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Endocrine disrupting properties:						Does not apply to mixtures.
Other information:						No other relevant information available on adverse effects on health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

ECORA Tyre mounting paste Fluid 5 ltr							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Does not apply to mixtures.
12.7. Other adverse effects:							No information available on other adverse effects on the environment.
Other information:							According to the recipe, contains no AOX.
Other information:							DOC-elimination degree(complexing organic substance)>= 80%/28d: n.a.

Diethylene glycol							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	24h	>5000	ppm	Carassius auratus		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>32000	mg/l	Gambusia affinis		References
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>10000	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	IC0	7d	2700	mg/l	Scenedesmus quadricauda		References

12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	67	%		OECD 301 A (Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test)	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC0	16h	8000	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		References
Other information:	BOD5		1,3 - 10	%			References
Other information:	COD		99	%			References
Other information:	ThOD		1,51	g/g			References
Water solubility:							Mixable

Alcohols, C12-16, ethoxylated							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1-10	mg/l			Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>1-10	mg/l	Daphnia magna		Analogous conclusion
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	DOC	28d	>70	%		OECD 301 E (Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test)	Readily biodegradable (Analogous conclusion)
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Docusate sodium							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	49	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	84/449/EEC C.1	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	10,3	mg/l	Daphnia magna	84/449/EEC C.2	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	39,3	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	84/449/EEC C.3	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	66,7	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	91,2	%		OECD 310 (Ready Biodegradability - CO2 in sealed vessels (Headspace Test))	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		3,78				No bioaccumulation.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:		16h	164	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412 T.8	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
07 06 01 aqueous washing liquids and mother liquors
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
E.g. suitable incineration plant.
E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Empty container completely.
Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.
Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.
Recommended cleaner:
Water

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	Not applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
Not applicable	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	Not applicable
14.4. Packing group:	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Tunnel restriction code:	Not applicable
Classification code:	Not applicable
LQ:	Not applicable
Transport category:	Not applicable

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	Not applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
Not applicable	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	Not applicable
14.4. Packing group:	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Marine Pollutant:	Not applicable
EmS:	Not applicable

Transport by air (IATA)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	Not applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
Not applicable	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	Not applicable
14.4. Packing group:	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 0,2375 %

National requirements/regulations on safety and health protection must be applied when using work equipment.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 3, 7, 14
These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Eye Dam. — Serious eye damage
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral
Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation

Key literature references and sources for data:
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.
Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).
Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).
Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.
ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.
GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).
German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).
EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.
National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.
Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BCF Bioconcentration factor
BSEF The International Bromine Council
bw body weight
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DOC Dissolved organic carbon
dw dry weight
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN European Norms
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
ErCx, EμCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)
etc. et cetera
EU European Union
EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer
Fax. Fax number
gen. general
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Kow octanol-water partition coefficient
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
Log Koc Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient
LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)
NLP No-longer-Polymer
NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
ppm parts per million
PVC Polyvinylchloride
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)

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RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
TOC Total organic carbon
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative
wwt wet weight

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